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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	IVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.		
10/763,673	573 01/22/2004 Frederic Perriot		20423-08166	7489	
34415 SYMANTEC/ I	7590 08/06/200 FENWICK	EXAMINER			
SILICON VAL	DD I CDI IDII	MORAN, RANDAL D			
801 CALIFORI MOUNTAIN V	YIEW, CA 94041		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2135		
		NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			08/06/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

ptoc@fenwick.com bhoffman@fenwick.com aprice@fenwick.com

Office Action Communication		A	pplication No.		Applicant(s)			
		1	0/763,673		PERRIOT, FREDERIC			
Office Action Summary			xaminer		Art Unit			
		R	ANDAL D. MORA	N .	2135			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appear	s on the cover s	heet with the c	orrespondence ac	idress		
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MOST IN TH	AILING DATE of 37 CFR 1.136(a) nunication. atutory period will ap will, by statute, cau:	E OF THIS COM In no event, however ply and will expire SIX se the application to b	IMUNICATION In, may a reply be time ((6) MONTHS from the decome ABANDONED	I. ely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	n 22 . <i>lanu</i> :	arv 2008 and 20) February 200	18			
′=	,	•	tion is non-final.		<u>o</u> .			
3)		<i>7</i> —			secution as to the	e merits is		
٥,١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims	,	,	,				
		ing in the ann	lication					
	Claim(s) <u>1-19 and 24-27</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5)∭ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19 and 24-27</u> is/are rejected.							
·		tea.						
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	tion and/or ale	action requirem	ant.				
اـــا(٥	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	and/or en	ection requirem	en.				
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a)∏ accepte	ed or b)∏ objed	cted to by the E	xaminer.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction	is required if the o	drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some color None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	TO-948)	5) No	terview Summary aper No(s)/Mail Da otice of Informal Pa ther:	te			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-19 and 24-27 are pending.

This Office Action is in response to pre-appeal decision dated 4/2/2008. See response to arguments. Rejections based on the newly cited reference(s) follow.

Below, Examiner has pointed out particular references contained in the prior art(s) of record in the body of this action for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claims, other passages and figures may apply as well. Applicant should consider the entire prior art as applicable as to the limitations of the claims. It is respectfully requested from the applicant, in preparing the response, to consider fully each reference in its entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior arts or disclosed by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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1. Claims 1-3, and 24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by **Kuo et al.** (US 6,230,288), hereafter "Kuo".

Considering Claims 1 and 24, Kuo discloses a computer-implemented method for determining whether computer code contains malicious code (abstract), said method comprising the steps of: identifying computer code suspected of currently containing malicious code (Fig. 2, column 6- lines 32-44); optimizing the identified computer code to produce optimized code (Fig. 2, column 5- lines 19-38); subjecting the optimized code to a malicious code detection protocol (Fig. 2, column 7- lines 35-38); and responsive to the malicious code detection protocol detecting malicious code in the optimized code (Fig. 2- column 7- lines 35-38), declaring a confirmation that the computer code contains malicious code (Fig. 2- column 7- lines 35-46).

Considering **Claims 2 and 25**, Kuo discloses the malicious code detection protocol is a protocol from the group of protocols consisting of pattern matching, emulation, checksumming, heuristics, tracing, X-raying, and algorithmic scanning (column 7- lines 35-46).

2. Claims 1-4, 14-19, and 24-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Christodorescu et al. (US 2005/0028002), hereafter "Christodorescu".

Considering Claims 1 and 24, Christodorescu discloses a computer-implemented method for determining whether computer code contains malicious code (abstract), said method comprising the steps of: identifying computer code suspected of currently containing malicious code ([0011]); optimizing the identified computer code to produce optimized code ([0011]); subjecting the optimized code to a malicious code detection protocol ([0011]-[0028]); and responsive to the malicious code detection protocol detecting malicious code in the optimized code ([0011]-[0031]), declaring a confirmation that the computer code contains malicious code ([0011], [0031]).

Considering **Claims 2 and 25**, Christodorescu discloses the malicious code detection protocol is a protocol from the group of protocols consisting of pattern matching, emulation, checksumming, heuristics, tracing, X-raying, and algorithmic scanning ([0027]).

Considering **Claims 3 and 26**, Christodorescu discloses the optimizing step comprises performing at least one technique from the group of techniques consisting of constant folding, copy propagation, non-obvious dead code elimination, code motion, peephole optimization, abstract interpretation, instruction specialization, and control flow graph reduction ([0011]-[0028]).

Considering **Claim 4**, Christodorescu discloses at least two of said techniques are combined synergistically ([0011]-[0028])

Considering **Claim 14**, Christodorescu discloses optimizing the computer code to produce optimized code comprises: performing a forward pass operation ([0017], [0019], [0020], [0023]; performing a backward pass operation ([0018], [0021]); performing a control flow graph reduction ([0044]-[0045]); and iterating the above three steps a plurality of times ([0044]-[0046]).

Considering **Claim 15**, Christodorescu discloses the iteration of the three steps stops after either: a pre-selected number of iterations; or observing that no optimizations of the computer code were performed in the most recent iteration ([0060]-[0065], Fig. 2).

Considering **Claim 16**, Christodorescu discloses the step of performing a code motion procedure, wherein the four steps are iterated a plurality of times ([0018],[0024]).

Considering **Claim 17**, Christodorescu discloses the forward pass operation comprises one or more steps from the set consisting of: peephole optimization; constant folding; copy propagation; forward computations related to abstract interpretation; and instruction specialization ([0011]-[0028]).

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Considering **Claim 18**, Christodorescu discloses the backward pass operation comprises one or more steps from the set consisting of backward computations related to abstract interpretation and local dead code elimination ([0018], [0021]).

Considering **Claim 19**, Christodorescu discloses the backward pass operation comprises the additional step of global dead code elimination ([0021]).

3. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Teblyashkin et al. (US 7,266,844), hereafter "Teblyashkin".

Considering Claim 27, Teblyashkin discloses a method for determining whether computer code contains malicious code (abstract), said method comprising the steps of: performing a dead code elimination procedure on the computer code (column 1- lines 31-38); noting the amount of dead code eliminated during the dead code elimination procedure (column 1- lines 39-42); and when the amount of dead code eliminated during the dead code elimination procedure exceeds a preselected dead code threshold (column 1- lines 43-62), declaring a suspicion of malicious code in the computer code (column 1- lines 39-42).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 5-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christodorescu in view of Nachenberg (US 5,826,013), hereafter "Nachenberg".

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Considering Claim 6, Christodorescu discloses a computer-implemented method for determining whether computer code contains malicious code (abstract), said method comprising the steps of: identifying computer code suspected of currently containing malicious code ([0011]), the computer code having a decryption loop and a body ([0006], [0009]), and responsive to the malicious code detection procedure detecting malicious code in the optimized loop code or the malicious code detection protocol detecting malicious code in the optimized body code ([0011]-[0028]), declaring a confirmation that the computer code contains malicious code ([0011], [0031]).

Christodorescu does not explicitly disclose optimizing the decryption loop to produce optimized loop code; performing a malicious code detection procedure on the optimized loop code; optimizing the body to produce optimized body code; subjecting the optimized body code to a malicious code detection protocol; Christodorescu suggests that both the loop and body of the suspected computer code are optimized ([0009], [0011]).

The combination of Christodorescu and Nachenberg discloses optimizing the decryption loop to produce optimized loop code (Nachenberg- column 1- lines 63-67, column 2- lines 1-25, Christodorescu- [0011]); performing a malicious code detection procedure on the optimized loop code (Christodorescu- [0011]); optimizing the body to produce optimized body code (Nachenberg- column 1- lines 63-67, column 2- lines 1-25, Christodorescu- [0011]); subjecting the optimized body code to a malicious code detection protocol (Christodorescu- [0011]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Christodorescu by treating the loop code and body code separately as taught by Nachenberg in order to provide polymorphic virus detection systems that can be readily expanded to cover newly discovered viruses, without need for extensive

regression testing and modification of the heuristics of the emulation control module. In addition, the system should be able to provide accurate results without emulating unnecessarily large numbers of instructions (Nachenberg- column 2- lines 44-50).

Considering **Claim 5**, Christodorescu does not explicitly disclose the computer code is polymorphic code comprising a decryption loop and a body; and the optimizing step comprises optimizing just the decryption loop. Christodorescu suggests that both the loop and body of the suspected computer code are optimized ([0009], [0011]).

The combination of Christodorescu and Nachenberg discloses polymorphic code comprising a decryption loop and a body; and the optimizing step comprises optimizing just the decryption loop (Nachenberg- column 1- lines 63-67, column 2- lines 1-25, Christodorescu- [0011]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Christodorescu by treating the loop code and body code separately as taught by Nachenberg in order to provide polymorphic virus detection systems that can be readily expanded to cover newly discovered viruses, without need for extensive regression testing and modification of the heuristics of the emulation control module. In addition, the system should be able to provide accurate results without emulating unnecessarily large numbers of instructions (Nachenberg- column 2- lines 44-50).

Considering **Claim 7**, the combination discloses the malicious code detection protocol is a protocol from the group of protocols consisting of pattern matching, emulation, checksumming, heuristics, tracing, X-raying, and algorithmic scanning (Christodorescu- [0027]).

Considering **Claim 8**, the combination discloses the optimizing step comprises performing at least one technique from the group of techniques consisting of constant folding, copy propagation,

non-obvious dead code elimination, code motion, peephole optimization, abstract interpretation, instruction specialization, and control flow graph reduction (Christodorescu- [0011]-[0028]).

Considering **Claim 9**, the combination discloses the step of optimizing the body comprises using at least one output from the group of steps consisting of optimizing the decryption loop and performing a malicious code detection procedure on the optimized loop code (Christodorescu- [0011], Nachenberg- column 3- lines 35-53).

Considering **Claim 10**, the combination discloses the step of performing a malicious code detection procedure on the optimized loop code indicates the presence of malicious code in the computer code, the steps of optimizing the body and subjecting the optimized body code to a malicious code detection protocol are aborted (Christodorescu-[0031]).

Considering **Claim 11**, the combination discloses the additional step of, after the step of performing a malicious code detection procedure on the optimized loop code, revealing an encrypted body (Nachenberg- column 6- lines 10-31).

Considering **Claim 12**, the combination discloses the step of revealing an encrypted body comprises emulating the optimized loop code (Nachenberg- column 6- lines 10-31).

Considering **Claim 13**, the combination discloses the step of revealing an encrypted body comprises applying a key gleaned from the optimized loop code (Nachenberg- column 5- lines 52-61, column 6- lines 10-31).

Response to Arguments

The decision to reopen prosecution was based on the previously cited art failing to teach "noting the amount of dead code eliminated during the dead code elimination procedure; and wherein

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the amount of dead code eliminated during the dead code eliminated procedure exceeds a pre-

selected dead code threshold."

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to RANDAL D. MORAN whose telephone number is (571)270-1255. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 7:00 - 4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Kim Vu can be reached on 571-272-3859. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained

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/R. D. M./

Examiner, Art Unit 2135

6/20/2008

/KimYen Vu/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2135